#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)** Collaborative **Emerging** Expanding **Bridging** 1. Exchanging information and ideas 1. Exchanging information and ideas 1. Exchanging information and ideas Contribute to conversations and express Contribute to class, group, and partner Contribute to class, group, and partner ideas by asking and answering yes-no and discussions, including sustained dialogue, discussions, including sustained dialogue, by wh- questions and responding using short by following turn-taking rules, asking following turn-taking rules, asking relevant relevant questions, affirming others, and questions, affirming others, adding relevant phrases. adding relevant information. information, building on responses, and providing useful feedback. Skills: Skills: Skills: Contribute to conversations. ☐ Contribute to class, group or partner Contribute to discussions. Express ideas discussions ☐ Engage in sustained dialogue ☐ Ask *yes-no* and *wh-* questions ■ Engage in sustained dialogue ☐ Follow turn-taking rules ☐ Answer *yes-no* and *wh-* questions ☐ Follow turn-taking rules ■ Ask relevant questions ■ Respond using short phrases or more ■ Ask relevant questions ☐ Affirm the responses of others ☐ Affirm the responses of others □ Add relevant information ■ Build on responses of others □ Add relevant information ☐ Provide useful feedback

1

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)** Collaborative **Emerging** Expanding **Bridging** 2. Interacting via written English 2. Interacting via written English 2. Interacting via written English Collaborate with peers on joint writing Collaborate with peers on joint writing Collaborate with peers on joint writing projects of short informational and literary projects of longer informational and literary projects of a variety of longer informational texts, using technology where appropriate texts, using technology where appropriate and literary texts, using technology where for publishing, graphics, and the like. for publishing, graphics, and the like. appropriate for publishing, graphics, and the like. Skills: Skills: Skills: ☐ Collaborate with peers on writing ☐ Collaborate with peers on longer writing ☐ Collaborate with peers on a variety of projects of short informational and projects of longer informational and longer writing projects of informational literary texts literary texts and literary texts ☐ Use technology where appropriate for ☐ Use technology where appropriate for ☐ Use technology where appropriate for writing, publishing, graphics etc. writing writing

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)** Collaborative Expanding **Bridging** Emerging 3. Offering opinions 3. Offering opinions 3. Offering opinions Negotiate with or persuade others in Negotiate with or persuade others in Negotiate with or persuade others in conversations using basic learned phrases conversations using an expanded set of conversations using a variety of learned phrases (e.g., That's a good idea. However. (e.g., I think . . .), as well as open learned phrases (e.g., I agree with X, but . . responses, in order to gain and/or hold the .), as well as open responses, in order to . .), as well as open responses, in order to gain and/or hold the floor, provide floor. gain and/or hold the floor, provide counterarguments, and so on. counterarguments, elaborate on an idea, and so on. Skills: Skills: Skills: ■ Negotiate with others in conversations ■ Negotiate with others in conversations ■ Negotiate with others in conversations Persuade others in conversations Persuade others in conversations Persuade others in conversations ☐ Use basic learned phrases in ☐ Use an expanded set of learned ☐ Use a variety of learned phrases in conversations (e.g., I think . . .) phrases in conversations (e.g., I agree conversations (e.g., That's a good idea. ☐ Use open responses in conversations with *X*, but . . .) However . . .) ☐ Gain and/or hold the floor ☐ Use open responses in conversations ☐ Use open responses in conversations ☐ Gain and/or hold the floor ☐ Gain and/or hold the floor □ Provide counterarguments Provide counterarguments ■ Elaborate on an idea

### English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)

Collaborative		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
4. Adapting language choices Adjust language choices according to social setting (e.g., playground, classroom) and audience (e.g., peers, teacher), with substantial support.	4. Adapting language choices Adjust language choices according to purpose (e.g., persuading, entertaining), task (e.g., telling a story versus explaining a science experiment), and audience, with moderate support.	4. Adapting language choices Adjust language choices according to purpose, task (e.g., facilitating a science experiment), and audience, with light support.
Skills: With substantial support  Adapt language choices according to social setting  Adapt language choices according to audience	Skills: With moderate support  Adjust language choices according to purpose Adjust language choices according to task Adjust language choices according to audience	Skills:  With light support  □ Adjust language choices according to purpose □ Adjust language choices according to task □ Adjust language choices according to audience

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)** Interpretive **Emerging Expanding Bridging** 5. Listening actively 5. Listening actively 5. Listening actively Demonstrate active listening of read-alouds Demonstrate active listening of read-alouds Demonstrate active listening of read-alouds and oral presentations by asking and and oral presentations by asking and and oral presentations by asking and answering basic questions, with prompting answering detailed questions, with answering detailed questions, with minimal and substantial support. occasional prompting and moderate support. prompting and light support. Skills: Skills: Skills: With occasional prompting & moderate With minimal prompting & light support... With prompting & substantial support... ■ Demonstrate active listening of ■ Demonstrate active listening of support... □ Demonstrate active listening of read-alouds read-alouds ■ Demonstrate active listening of oral read-alouds ■ Demonstrate active listening of oral

☐ Demonstrate active listening of oral

presentations

☐ Ask detailed questions

Answer detailed questions

presentations

■ Ask detailed questions

■ Answer detailed questions

presentations

■ Ask basic questions

■ Answer basic questions

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)			
Interpretive			
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging	
<ul> <li>6. Reading/viewing closely</li> <li>a. Describe ideas, phenomena (e.g., volcanic eruptions), and text elements (main idea, characters, events, and the like) based on close reading of a select set of grade-level texts, with substantial support.</li> <li>b. Use knowledge of frequently used affixes (e.g., un-, mis-) and linguistic context, reference materials, and visual cues to determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar topics.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>6. Reading/viewing closely</li> <li>a. Describe ideas, phenomena (e.g., animal migration), and text elements (main idea, central message, and the like) in greater detail based on close reading of a variety of grade-level texts, with moderate support.</li> <li>b. Use knowledge of morphology (e.g., affixes, roots, and base words), linguistic context, and reference materials to determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar topics.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>6. Reading/viewing closely</li> <li>a. Describe ideas, phenomena (e.g., pollination), and text elements (main idea, character traits, event sequence, and the like) in detail based on close reading of a variety of grade-level texts, with light support.</li> <li>b. Use knowledge of morphology (e.g., affixes, roots, and base words) and linguistic context to determine the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words on familiar and new topics.</li> </ul>	
Skills:  Based on close reading and with substantial support  Describe ideas Describe phenomena Describe text elements Understand a select set of grade-level texts & multimedia Determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar topics Use knowledge of frequently used affixes Use linguistic context Use reference materials Use visual cues	Skills:  Based on close reading and with moderate support  Describe ideas in greater detail  Describe phenomena in greater detail  Describe text elements in greater detail  Understand a variety of grade-level texts & multimedia  Determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar topics  Use knowledge of morphologyaffixes, roots, & base words  Use linguistic context  Use reference materials	Skills:  Based on close reading and with light support  Describe ideas in detail Describe phenomena in detail Describe text elements in detail Understand a variety of of grade-level texts & multimedia Determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar topics Use knowledge of morphologyaffixes, roots, & base words Use linguistic context	

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)** Interpretive **Emerging Expanding Bridging** 7. Evaluating language choices 7. Evaluating language choices 7. Evaluating language choices Describe the specific language writers or Describe how well writers or speakers use Describe how well writers and speakers use speakers use to present or support an idea specific language resources to support an specific language resources to support an (e.g., the specific vocabulary or phrasing opinion or present an idea (e.g., whether the opinion or present an idea (e.g., the clarity or used to provide evidence), with prompting vocabulary or phrasing used to provide appealing nature of language used to evidence is strong enough), with prompting present evidence), with prompting and light and substantial support. and moderate support. support. Skills: Skills: Skills: With prompting & moderate support... With prompting and light support... With prompting & substantial support... ☐ Describe how well writers/speakers use ☐ Describe how well writers/speakers use ■ Describe the specific language writers/speakers use to present an idea specific language resources to support specific language resources to support ■ Describe the specific language an opinion an opinion writers/speakers use to support an idea ☐ Describe how well writers/speakers use ☐ Describe how well writers/speakers use specific language resources to present specific language resources to present an idea an idea

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)** Interpretive **Emerging Expanding Bridging** 8. Analyzing language choices 8. Analyzing language choices 8. Analyzing language choices Distinguish how different words with similar Distinguish how different words with similar Distinguish how different words with related meanings produce different effects on the meanings (e.g., describing a character as meanings (e.g., fun versus entertaining smart versus an expert) and figurative audience (e.g., describing a character's versus thrilling, possibly versus certainly) actions as whined versus said). language (e.g., as big as a whale) produce and figurative language produce shades of meaning and different effects on the shades of meaning and different effects on the audience. audience. Skills: Skills: Skills: ☐ Distinguish how different words with ☐ Distinguish how different words with ☐ Distinguish how different words with similar meanings produce different similar meanings produce shades of related meanings produce shades of effects on the audience meaning meaning ■ Distinguish how figurative language ☐ Distinguish how figurative language produces shades of meaning produces shades of meaning ☐ Distinguish how different words with ☐ Distinguish how different words with similar meaning produce different related meanings produce different effects on the audience effects on the audience ■ Distinguish how figurative language Distinguish how figurative language produces different effects on the produces different effects on the audience audience

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging Expanding Bridging** 9. Presenting 9. Presenting 9. Presenting Plan and deliver oral presentations on a Plan and deliver brief oral presentations on Plan and deliver longer oral presentations on a variety of topics and content areas (e.g., a variety of topics and content areas (e.g., variety of topics in a variety of content areas retelling a story, explaining a science retelling a story, explaining a science (e.g., retelling a story, explaining a science process, reporting on a current event, process, reporting on a current event, process, reporting on a current event, recounting a memorable experience, and so recounting a memorable experience, and so recounting a memorable experience, and so on), with substantial support. on), with moderate support. on), with light support. Skills: Skills: Skills: With substantial support... With moderate support... With light support... ☐ Plan brief oral presentations on a Plan longer oral presentations on a ☐ Plan oral presentations on a variety of variety of topics and content areas variety of topics and content areas topics and content areas Deliver brief oral presentations on a Deliver longer oral presentations on a ☐ Deliver oral presentations on a variety variety of topics and content areas variety of topics and content areas of topics and content areas ☐ Retell, explain, report, recount, etc. ☐ Retell, explain, report, recount, etc. ☐ Retell, explain, report, recount, etc.

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging Expanding Bridging** 10. Writing 10. Writing 10. Writing **a.** Write short literary and informational a. Write longer literary and informational **a.** Write longer and more detailed literary texts (e.g., a description of a flashlight) texts (e.g., an explanatory text on how and informational texts (e.g., an collaboratively (e.g., joint construction flashlights work) collaboratively (e.g., explanatory text on how flashlights of texts with an adult or with peers) and joint construction of texts with an adult work) collaboratively (e.g., joint construction of texts with an adult or sometimes independently. or with peers) and with increasing independence using appropriate text with peers) and independently using **b.** Write brief summaries of texts and experiences using complete sentences organization. appropriate text organization and and key words (e.g., from notes or **b.** Write increasingly concise summaries growing understanding of register. of texts and experiences using **b.** Write clear and coherent summaries of graphic organizers). complete sentences and key words texts and experiences using complete (e.g., from notes or graphic organizers). and concise sentences and key words (e.g., from notes or graphic organizers). Skills: Skills: Skills: Collaboratively & sometimes independently... Collaboratively & with increasing Collaboratively & independently... ☐ Write short literary & informational texts ☐ Write longer & more detailed literary & independence... □ Write brief summaries of texts and ☐ Write longer literary & informational informational texts ☐ Use appropriate text organization experiences texts ☐ Use complete sentences and key ☐ Use appropriate text organization ☐ Use a growing understanding of ■ Write increasingly concise summaries words register of texts and experiences □ Write clear coherent summaries of ☐ Use complete sentences and key texts and experiences words ☐ Use complete, concise sentences and key words

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging** Expanding Bridging 11. Supporting opinions 11. Supporting opinions 11. Supporting opinions a. Support opinions by expressing **a.** Support opinions or persuade others by **a.** Support opinions or persuade others by appropriate/accurate reasons using expressing appropriate/accurate expressing appropriate/accurate textual evidence (e.g., referring to text) reasons using some textual evidence reasons using detailed textual evidence or relevant background knowledge (e.g., paraphrasing facts) or relevant (e.g., quotations or specific events from about content, with substantial support. background knowledge about content, text) or relevant background knowledge **b.** Express ideas and opinions or temper with moderate support. about content, with light support. **b.** Express attitude and opinions or statements using basic modal **b.** Express attitude and opinions or expressions (e.g., can, will, maybe). temper statements with familiar modal temper statements with nuanced modal expressions (e.g., maybe/probably, expressions (e.g., probably/certainly, can/must). should/would) and phrasing (e.g., In my opinion . . .). Skills: Skills: Skills: With substantial support... With moderate support... With light support... Support opinions Support opinions ■ Support opinions ■ Express appropriate/accurate reasons Persuade others Persuade others ■ Use textual evidence ■ Express appropriate/accurate reasons ■ Express appropriate/accurate reasons ☐ Use relevant background knowledge ☐ Use textual evidence ☐ Use detailed textual evidence about content Paraphrase facts ☐ Use relevant background knowledge ☐ Use relevant background knowledge ■ Refer to text, etc. about content ☐ Quote text, citing specific examples,etc. ■ Express ideas, opinions, temper about content ■ Express attitude or opinion with □ Paraphrase, etc. statements ☐ Use basic modal expressions such as ☐ Express attitudes, opinions, temper nuanced modal expressions ☐ Temper statements with nuanced can, will, maybe, etc. statements ☐ Use familiar modal expressions such modal expressions as maybe/probably, can/must, etc.

#### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level) Productive Emerging Expanding** Bridging 12. Selecting language resources 12. Selecting language resources 12. Selecting language resources a. Use a select number of general a. Use a wide variety of general academic a. Use a growing number of general academic and domain-specific words to academic and domain-specific words, and domain-specific words, synonyms, synonyms, and antonyms to create create precision while speaking and antonyms, and figurative language to precision and shades of meaning while create precision and shades of writing. b. Select a few frequently used affixes for meaning while speaking and writing. speaking and writing. accuracy and precision (e.g., She **b.** Select a growing number of frequently **b.** Select a variety of appropriate affixes walks, I'm unhappy). used affixes for accuracy and precision for accuracy and precision (e.g., She's (e.g., She walked. He likes . . . , I'm walking. I'm uncomfortable. They left unhappy). reluctant/y). Skills: Skills: Skills: For precision while speaking and writing... To create precision and shades of meaning To create precision and shades of meaning ☐ Use a select number of general while speaking and writing... while speaking and writing... ☐ Use a growing number of general ☐ Use a wide variety of general academic academic words ☐ Use a select number of domain-specific academic words words ☐ Use a wide variety of domain-specific words ☐ Use a growing number of ■ Select a few frequently used affixes for domain-specific words words ☐ Use a growing number of synonyms ☐ Use a wide variety of synonyms accuracy ☐ Use a growing number of antonyms ☐ Use a wide variety of antonyms ☐ Select a growing number of frequently ☐ Use a wide variety of figurative used affixes for accuracy language ■ Select a variety of appropriate affixes for accuracy

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)		
Structuring Cohesive Texts		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
1. Understanding text structure Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to express ideas (e.g., how a narrative is organized sequentially) to comprehending texts and writing basic texts.	1. Understanding text structure Apply increasing understanding of how different text types are organized to express ideas (e.g., how a narrative is organized sequentially with predictable stages versus how an explanation is organized around ideas) to comprehending texts and writing texts with increasing cohesion.	1. Understanding text structure Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to express ideas (e.g., how a narrative is organized sequentially with predictable stages versus how opinions/arguments are structured logically, grouping related ideas) to comprehending texts and writing cohesive texts.
Skills:  Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to comprehending texts  Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to writing basic texts	Skills:  Apply increasing understanding of how different text types are organized to comprehending texts  Apply increasing understanding of how different text types are organized to writing texts with increasing cohesion	Skills:  Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to comprehending texts  Apply understanding of how different text types are organized to writing cohesive texts

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)		
Structuring Cohesive Texts		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
<ul> <li>2. Understanding cohesion</li> <li>a. Apply basic understanding of language resources for referring the reader back or forward in text (e.g., how pronouns refer back to nouns in text) to comprehending texts and writing basic texts.</li> <li>b. Apply basic understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using everyday connecting words or phrases (e.g., first, yesterday) to comprehending texts and writing basic texts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2. Understanding cohesion</li> <li>a. Apply growing understanding of language resources for referring the reader back or forward in text (e.g., how pronouns or synonyms refer back to nouns in text) to comprehending texts and writing texts with increasing cohesion.</li> <li>b. Apply growing understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using a variety of connecting words or phrases (e.g., since, next, for example) to comprehending texts and writing texts with increasing cohesion.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2. Understanding cohesion</li> <li>a. Apply increasing understanding of language resources for referring the reader back or forward in text (e.g., how pronouns, synonyms, or nominalizations refer back to nouns in text) to comprehending texts and writing cohesive texts.</li> <li>b. Apply increasing understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using an increasing variety of academic connecting and transitional words or phrases (e.g., for instance, in addition, at the end) to comprehending texts and writing cohesive texts.</li> </ul>
Skills: Apply basic understanding:  ☐ of language resources that refer the reader back or forward in text ☐ when using pronouns, etc., to move a reader back/forward ☐ of how ideas/events/reasons are linked throughout a text using everyday connecting words or phrases ☐ to comprehending texts ☐ to writing basic texts ☐ When using connecting words & phrases such as first and yesterday	Skills: Apply growing understanding:  ☐ of language resources that refer the reader back or forward in text  ☐ when using pronouns, synonyms, etc, to move a reader back/forward.  ☐ how ideas/events/reasons are linked throughout a text using a variety of connecting words or phrases  ☐ to comprehending text  ☐ to writing text with increasing cohesion  ☐ when using connecting words & phrases such as since, next, and for	Skills: Apply increasing understanding:  ☐ of language resources that refer the reader back or forward in text ☐ when using pronouns, synonyms, nominalizations, etc., to move reader back/forward ☐ of how ideas/events/reasons are linked throughout a text using an increasing variety of academic connecting and transitional words or phrases ☐ to comprehending text ☐ to writing cohesive texts

### **ELD Standards Unpacking: A Look at Skills and Language Resources**

example	when using connecting words & phrases such as for instance, in addition, and at the end

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)		
Expanding and Enriching Ideas		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
3. Using verbs and verb phrases Use various verbs/verb types (e.g., doing, saying, being/having, thinking/feeling) and tenses appropriate to the text type and discipline (e.g., simple past for recounting an experience) for familiar topics.	3. Using verbs and verb phrases Use various verbs/verb types (e.g., doing, saying, being/having, thinking/feeling) and tenses appropriate to the task, text type, and discipline (e.g., simple past for retelling, timeless present for science explanation) for an increasing variety of familiar and new topics.	3. Using verbs and verb phrases Use various verbs/verb types (e.g., doing, saying, being/having, thinking/feeling) and tenses appropriate to the task and text type (e.g., timeless present for science explanation, mixture of past and present for historical information report) for a variety of familiar and new topics.
Skills:  For familiar topics  □ Use various verbs □ Use various verb types □ Use various verb tenses appropriate to the text type and discipline	Skills: For an increasing variety of familiar & new topics  Use various verbs Use various verb types Use various verb tenses appropriate to the task, text type, and discipline	Skills:  For a variety of familiar & new topics  Use various verbs  Use various verb types  Use various verb tenses appropriate to the task and text type

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)		
Expanding and Enriching Ideas		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
4. Using nouns and noun phrases Expand noun phrases in simple ways (e.g., adding an adjective) in order to enrich the meaning of sentences and add details about ideas, people, things, and so on.	4. Using nouns and noun phrases Expand noun phrases in a variety of ways (e.g., adding adjectives to noun phrases or simple clause embedding) in order to enrich the meaning of sentences and add details about ideas, people, things, and so on.	4. Using nouns and noun phrases Expand noun phrases in an increasing variety of ways (e.g., adding general academic adjectives and adverbs to noun phrases or more complex clause embedding) in order to enrich the meaning of sentences and add details about ideas, people, things, and so on.
Skills:  Expand noun phrases in simple ways to enrich the meaning of sentences  Expand noun phrases in simple ways to add details about ideas, people, things  Add an adjective to a noun	Skills:  □ Expand noun phrases in a variety of ways to enrich the meaning of sentences □ Expand noun phrases in a variety of ways to add details about ideas, people, things □ Add adjectives to noun phrases □ Embed simple clauses	Skills:  Expand noun phrases in an increasing variety of ways to enrich the meaning of sentences  Expand noun phrases in an increasing variety of ways to add details about ideas, people, things  Add general academic adjectives & adverbs to noun phrases  Embed more complex clauses

English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)		
Expanding and Enriching Ideas		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
5. Modifying to add details  Expand sentences with familiar adverbials(e.g., basic prepositional phrases) to provide details (e.g., time, manner, place, cause, and so on) about a familiar activity or process (e.g., They walked to the soccer field).	5. Modifying to add details  Expand sentences with a growing variety of adverbials (e.g., adverbs, prepositional phrases) to provide details (e.g., time, manner, place, cause, and so on) about a familiar or new activity or process (e.g., They worked quietly. They ran across the soccer field).	5. Modifying to add details  Expand sentences with a variety of adverbials (e.g., adverbs, adverb phrases, prepositional phrases) to provide details (e.g., time, manner, place, cause, and so on) about a variety of familiar and new activities and processes (e.g., They worked quietly all night in their room).
Skills:  Expand sentences with familiar adverbs, adverb phrases, basic prepositional phrases  Use adverbials to to provide details of time, manner, place, cause, etc., about a familiar activity or process (e.g., They walked to the soccer field)	Skills:  Expand sentences with a growing variety of adverbs, adverb phrases, prepositional phrases  Use adverbials to provide details of time, manner, place, cause, etc., about a familiar or new activity or process (e.g., They worked quietly. They ran across the soccer field)	Skills:  Expand sentences with a variety of adverbs, adverb phrases, prepositional phrases  Use adverbials to provide details of time, manner, place, cause, etc., about a variety of familiar and new activities and processes (e.g., They worked quietly all night in their room)

### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)**

Connecting and Condensing Ideas		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
6. Connecting ideas  Combine clauses in a few basic ways to make connections between and join ideas in sentences (e.g., creating compound sentences using coordinate conjunctions, such as and, but, so).	6. Connecting ideas  Combine clauses in an increasing variety of ways (e.g., creating complex sentences using familiar subordinate conjunctions) to make connections between and join ideas in sentences, for example, to express cause/effect (e.g., The deer ran because the mountain lion came) or to make a concession (e.g., She studied all night even though she wasn't feeling well).	6. Connecting ideas Combine clauses in a wide variety of ways (e.g., creating complex sentences using a variety of subordinate conjunctions) to make connections between and join ideas, for example, to express cause/effect (e.g., Since the lion was at the waterhole, the deer ran away), to make a concession, or to link two ideas that happen at the same time (e.g., The cubs played while their mother hunted).
Skills:  Combine clauses in a few basic ways to make connections between ideas Combine clauses in a few basic ways to join ideas Create compound sentences Use coordinating conjunctions Use words such as and, but, and so to connect ideas	Skills:  Combine clauses in an increasing variety of ways to make connections between ideas  Combine clauses in an increasing variety of ways to join ideas  Create complex sentences using familiar subordinate conjunctions  Use words and phrases such as because and even though to connect ideas	Skills:  Combine clauses in a wide variety of ways to make connections between ideas  Combine clauses in a wide variety of ways to join ideas  Create complex sentences using a variety of subordinate conjunctions  Use words and phrases such as since, although, and while to connect ideas

### **English Language Proficiency (teach toward the next level)**

Connecting and Condensing Ideas		
Emerging	Expanding	Bridging
7. Condensing ideas Condense clauses in simple ways (e.g., through simple embedded clauses, as in, The woman is a doctor. She helps children.  → The woman is a doctor who helps children) to create precise and detailed sentences.	7. Condensing ideas Condense clauses in an increasing variety of ways (e.g., through a growing number of embedded clauses and other condensing, as in, The dog ate quickly. The dog choked.  → The dog ate so quickly that it choked) to create precise and detailed sentences.	7. Condensing ideas Condense clauses in a variety of ways (e.g., through various types of embedded clauses and other ways of condensing as in, There was a Gold Rush. It began in the 1850s. It brought a lot of people to California. → The Gold Rush that began in the 1850s brought a lot of people to California) to create precise and detailed sentences.
Skills:  ☐ Condense clauses in simple ways ☐ Embed simple clauses ☐ Create precise and detailed sentences ☐ Use words such as who to condense ideas	Skills:  □ Condense clauses in an increasing variety of ways □ Embed clauses □ Create precise and detailed sentences □ Use words and phrases such as so and that to condense ideas	Skills:  Condense clauses in a variety of ways Embed clauses Create precise and detailed sentences Use words and phrases such as that to condense ideas